

E-244 Solvent based Hardeners

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1 GHS Product identifier: E-244

Solvent based Hardeners

Other means of identification:

Non-applicable

1.2 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use:

Relevant uses: Hardener for coatings. For industrial user only.

Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3

1.3 Name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party:

BERNARDO ECENARRO, S.A. Ugarte Industrialdea, 147 20720 Azkoitia - Gipuzkoa - Spain

Phone: +34 943 74 28 00 - Fax: +34 943 74 06 03

msds@besa.es http://www.besa.es

1.4 Emergency phone number: +34 943742800 (8:00-13:00) (14:30-17:30)

SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

29 CFR 1910.1200:

Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with paragraph (d) of § 1910.1200.

Acute Tox. 4: Acute inhalation toxicity, Category 4, H332 Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226

Skin Sens. 1: Sensitisation, skin, Category 1, H317

STOT SE 3: Specific toxicity causing drowsiness and dizziness, single exposure, Category 3, H336

STOT SE 3: Respiratory tract toxicity, single exposure, Category 3, H335

2.2 Label elements:

29 CFR 1910.1200:

Warning





Hazard statements:

Acute Tox. 4: H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statements:

P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P280: Wear protective gloves/face protection/protective clothing/respiratory protection/protective footwear.

P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P370+P378: In case of fire: Use ABC powder extinguisher to put it out.

P501: Dispose of contents and / or containers in accordance with regulations on hazardous waste or packaging and packaging waste respectively.

Substances that contribute to the classification

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (<0.1 % O=C=N-R-N=C=O); N-butyl acetate; heptan-2-one; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., <0.1 % EC 200-753-7

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC):

Non-applicable

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances:

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SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS (continued)

Non-applicable

3.2 Mixtures:

Chemical description: Mixture composed of additives and resins in solvents

Components:

Remaining components are non-hazardous and/or present at amounts below reportable limits. The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200. Therefore, in accordance with Appendix D to § 1910.1200, the product contains:

	Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Concentration
CAS:	28182-81-2	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (<0.1 % O=C=N-R-N=C=O) Acute Tox. 4: H332; Skin Sens. 1: H317; STOT SE 3: H335 - Warning	50 - <100 %
CAS:	123-86-4	N-butyl acetate Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336 - Warning	10 - <25 %
CAS:	110-43-0	heptan-2-one Acute Tox. 4: H302+H332; Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Warning	10 - <25 %
CAS:	64742-95-6	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7	2,5 - <5 %

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of necessary measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

By skin contact:

May cause an allergic skin reaction. In case of contact it is recommended to clean the affected area thoroughly with water and neutral soap. In case of changes on the skin (stinging, redness, rashes, blisters,...), seek medical advice with this Safety Data Sheet

By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, as this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

By ingestion/aspiration:

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:

Non-applicable

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media:

Suitable extinguishing media:

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO).

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use full jet water as an extinguishing agent.

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

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Safety data sheet according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

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SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES (continued)

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

5.3 Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and individual respiratory equipment. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...)

Additional provisions:

As in any fire, prevent human exposure to fire, smoke, fumes or products of combustion. Only properly trained personnel should be involved in firefighting. Evacuate nonessential personnel from the fire area. Destroy any source of ignition. In case of fire, refrigerate the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to inflammation. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

For non-emergency personnel:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Remove any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

For emergency responders:

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. See section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

The characteristic of Ignitability per RCRA could apply to the unused product if it becomes a waste material. The EPA hazardous waste number D001 could apply. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to evaluate whether his wastes are hazardous by characteristics or listing.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- General precautions for safe use

Comply with the current standards 29 CFR 1910 Occupational Safety and Health Standards. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Because the product is a flammable liquid, storage should meet the requirement of 29 CFR 1910.106, Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code. Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers. Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

It is recommended to have absorbent material available at close proximity to the product (See subsection 6.3)

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

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SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE (continued)

A.- Technical measures for storage

Minimum Temp.: 41 °F

Maximum Temp.: 86 °F

Maximum time: 12 Months

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

7.3 Specific end use(s):

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace:

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000):

Identification	Occup	Occupational exposure limits		
N-butyl acetate	8-hour TWA PEL	150 ppm	710 mg/m ³	
CAS: 123-86-4	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL			
heptan-2-one	8-hour TWA PEL	100 ppm	465 mg/m ³	
CAS: 110-43-0	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL			
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	8-hour TWA PEL		0.1 mg/m ³	
CAS: 77-58-7	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL			
Bis(tributyltin) oxide	8-hour TWA PEL		0.1 mg/m ³	
CAS: 56-35-9	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL			
Xylene	8-hour TWA PEL	100 ppm	435 mg/m ³	
CAS: 1330-20-7	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL			

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (2022):

Identification	Occup	Occupational exposure limits	
N-butyl acetate	TLV-TWA	20 ppm	
CAS: 123-86-4	TLV-STEL		
Hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	TLV-TWA	0.005 ppm	
CAS: 822-06-0	TLV-STEL		
heptan-2-one	TLV-TWA	50 ppm	
CAS: 110-43-0	TLV-STEL		
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	TLV-TWA		0.1 mg/m ³
CAS: 77-58-7	TLV-STEL		0.2 mg/m ³
Bis(tributyltin) oxide	TLV-TWA		2 mg/m³
CAS: 56-35-9	TLV-STEL		
Xylene	TLV-TWA	100 ppm	
CAS: 1330-20-7	TLV-STEL	150 ppm	

CALIFORNIA- TABLE AC-1 PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS FOR CHEMICAL CONTAMINANTS:

Identification		Occupational exposure limits		
N-butyl acetate	PEL	150 ppm	710 mg/m ³	
CAS: 123-86-4	STEL	200 ppm	950 mg/m ³	
Hexamethylene-di-isocyanate	PEL	0.005 ppm	0.034 mg/m ³	
CAS: 822-06-0	STEL			
heptan-2-one	PEL	50 ppm	235 mg/m ³	
CAS: 110-43-0	STEL			
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	PEL		0.1 mg/m ³	
CAS: 77-58-7	STEL			
Bis(tributyltin) oxide	PEL		2 mg/m ³	
CAS: 56-35-9	STEL			
Xylene	PEL	100 ppm	435 mg/m ³	
CAS: 1330-20-7	STEL	150 ppm	655 mg/m ³	

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Biological limit values:

Biological Exposure Indices (BEIs®) - ACGIH

Identification	BEIs®	Determinant	Sampling Time
Hexamethylene-di-isocyanate CAS: 822-06-0	0.015 mg/g (NULL)	1,6-Hexamethylene diamine in urine	End of shift
Xylene CAS: 1330-20-7	1500 mg/g (NULL)	Methylhippuric acids in urine	End of shift

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls:

A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protection Equipment. For more information on Personal Protection Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation, the information on clothing performance must be combined with professional judgment, and a clear understanding of the clothing application, to provide the best protection to the worker. All chemical protective clothing use must be based on a hazard assessment to determine the risks for exposure to chemicals and other hazards. Conduct hazard assessments in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.132.

B.- Respiratory protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases, vapours and particles	Replace when an increase in resistence to breathing is observed and/or a smell or taste of the contaminant is detected. Use respirator in accordance with manufacturer 's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.134 (29CFR).

C.- Specific protection for the hands

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks			
Mandatory hand protection	NON-disposable chemical protective gloves	The Breakthrough Time indicated by the manufacturer must exceed the period during which the product is being used. Do not use protective creams after the product has come into contact with skin. Use gloves in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.138 (29CFR)			
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As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

D.- Eye and face protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory face protection	Face shield	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing. Use this PPE in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.133 (29CFR)

E.- Bodily protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions.
Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties	

F.- Additional emergency measures



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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Emergency measure Standards Emergency measure Standards

ANSI Z358-1
ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011
Emergency shower Standards

DIN 12 899
ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011
Eyewash stations

Environmental exposure controls:

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

40 CFR Part 59 (VOC):

V.O.C.(weight-percent): 36.87 % weight

V.O.C. at 68 °F: 379.73 kg/m³ (379.73 g/L)

California Air Resources Board (CARB) - VOC Regulatory:

V.O.C.(weight-percent): 36.87 % weight

V.O.C. at 68 °F: 379.73 kg/m³ (379.73 g/L)

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

Appearance:

Physical state at 68 °F:

Appearance:

Fluid

Color:

Colorless

Odor:

Solvent

Odour threshold: Non-applicable *

Volatility:

Boiling point at atmospheric pressure: 269 °F Vapour pressure at 68 °F: 799 Pa

Vapour pressure at 122 °F: 4101.17 Pa (4.1 kPa)
Evaporation rate at 68 °F: Non-applicable *

Product description:

Density at 68 °F: 1020 - 1040 kg/m³

Relative density at 68 °F: 1.02 - 1.04

Dynamic viscosity at 68 °F: 59 - 39 cP

Kinematic viscosity at 68 °F: 48 mm²/s

Kinematic viscosity at 104 °F: Non-applicable * Concentration: Non-applicable * pH: Non-applicable * Vapour density at 68 °F: Non-applicable * Non-applicable * Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 68 °F: Solubility in water at 68 °F: Non-applicable * Solubility properties: Immiscible Non-applicable * Decomposition temperature: Melting point/freezing point: Non-applicable *

Flammability:

Flash Point: 89 °F

 ${}^*\mathrm{Not}$ relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Flammability (solid, gas): Non-applicable *

Autoignition temperature: 739 °F

Lower flammability limit: Not available Upper flammability limit: Not available

Particle characteristics:

Median equivalent diameter: Non-applicable

9.2 Other information:

Information with regard to physical hazard classes:

Explosive properties:

Oxidising properties:

Corrosive to metals:

Heat of combustion:

Aerosols-total percentage (by mass) of flammable

Non-applicable *

Non-applicable *

Non-applicable *

components:
Other safety characteristics:

Surface tension at 68 °F:

Refraction index:

Non-applicable *

Non-applicable *

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the indicated conditions of storage, handling and use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than recommended by the occupational exposure limits, it may result in adverse effects on health depending on the means of exposure:

A- Ingestion (acute effect):

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Safety data sheet according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

- Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- B- Inhalation (acute effect):
 - Acute toxicity: Exposure in high concentration can cause a breakdown in the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.
 - Corrosivity/Irritability: Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.
- C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):
 - Contact with the skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for skin contact. For more information see section 3.
 - Contact with the eyes: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):
 - Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.
 - IARC: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (3); Xylene (3)
 - Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
 - Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- E- Sensitizing effects:
 - Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
 - Skin: Prolonged contact with the skin can result in episodes of allergic contact dermatitis.
- F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) single exposure:

Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.

- G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:
 - Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
 - Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- H- Aspiration hazard:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

Other information:

Non-applicable

Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Ac	Acute toxicity	
N-butyl acetate	LD50 oral	12789 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 123-86-4	LD50 dermal	14112 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	23.4 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (<0.1 % O=C=N-R-N=C=O)	LD50 oral	2660 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 28182-81-2	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (ATEi)	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 64742-95-6	LD50 dermal	2000 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L	
heptan-2-one	LD50 oral	1600 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 110-43-0	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h)	Rat

Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE mix):

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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

ATE mix		Ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity	
Oral	10666.67 mg/kg (Calculation method)	0 %	
Dermal	57142.86 mg/kg (Calculation method)	0 %	
Inhalation	14.1 mg/L (4 h) (Calculation method)	0 %	

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

12.1 Ecotoxicity (aquatic and terrestrial, where available):

Acute toxicity:

Identification		Concentration	Species	Genus
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (<0.1 % O=C=N-R-N=C=O)	LC50	Non-applicable		
CAS: 28182-81-2	EC50	Non-applicable		
	EC50	1000 mg/L (72 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
N-butyl acetate	LC50	Non-applicable		
CAS: 123-86-4	EC50	Non-applicable		
	EC50	675 mg/L (72 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
heptan-2-one	LC50	131 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 110-43-0	EC50	Non-applicable		
	EC50	Non-applicable		

Chronic toxicity:

Identification		Concentration	Species	Genus
N-butyl acetate	NOEC	Non-applicable		
CAS: 123-86-4	NOEC	23.2 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Substance-specific information:

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
N-butyl acetate	BOD5	Non-applicable	Concentration	Non-applicable
CAS: 123-86-4	COD	Non-applicable	Period	5 days
	BOD5/COD	Non-applicable	% Biodegradable	84 %
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200 -753-7	BOD5	0.19 g O2/g	Concentration	Non-applicable
CAS: 64742-95-6	COD	0.44 g O2/g	Period	Non-applicable
	BOD5/COD	0.43	% Biodegradable	Non-applicable

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Substance-specific information:

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential		
N-butyl acetate	BCF	4	
CAS: 123-86-4	Pow Log	1.78	
	Potential	Low	
heptan-2-one	BCF	7	
CAS: 110-43-0	Pow Log	1.98	
	Potential	Low	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7	BCF		
CAS: 64742-95-6	Pow Log	4	
	Potential		

12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
N-butyl acetate	Koc	Non-applicable	Henry	Non-applicable
CAS: 123-86-4	Conclusion	Non-applicable	Dry soil	Non-applicable
	Surface tension	2.478E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Non-applicable

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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
heptan-2-one	Koc	280	Henry	17.12 Pa·m³/mol
CAS: 110-43-0	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.612E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Yes

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Non-applicable

12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Disposal methods:

Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations. In case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. Waste should not be disposed of to drains. See epigraph 6.2.

Regulations related to waste management:

Legislation related to waste management:

40 CFR Part 261- IDENTIFICATION AND LISTING OF HAZARDOUS WASTE

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to 49 CFR on the Transport of Dangerous Goods:



14.1 UN number: UN1263

14.2 UN proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 3
 Labels: 3

 14.4 Packing group, if applicable: III
 14.5 Marine pollutant: No

14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises

Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9

Limited quantities: 5 L

14.7 Transport in bulk (according Non-applicable to Annex II of MARPOL

73/78 and the IBC Code):

Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 40-20:



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SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)



14.1 UN number: UN1263

14.2 UN proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 3 Labels: 3

14.4 Packing group, if applicable: III14.5 Marine pollutant: No

14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises

Special regulations: 163, 223, 955, 367

EmS Codes: F-E, S-E Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9

Limited quantities: 5 L

Segregation group: Non-applicable **14.7 Transport in bulk (according** Non-applicable

to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):

Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2022:



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14.1 UN number: UN1263

14.2 UN proper shipping name: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

14.3 Transport hazard class(es): 3Labels: 314.4 Packing group, if applicable: III

14.5 Marine pollutant: No

14.6 Special precautions which a user needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection with transport or conveyance either within or outside their premises

Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9

14.7 Transport in bulk (according Non-applicable

to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question:

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SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

- CALIFORNIA LABOR CODE The Hazardous Substances List: N-butyl acetate (123-86-4); heptan-2-one (110-43-0)
- California Proposition 65 (the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986) Birth defects or other reproductive harm: Non-applicable
- California Proposition 65 (the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986) Cancer: Non-applicable
- CANADA-Domestic Substances List (DSL): *Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (<0.1 % O=C=N-R-N=C=O) (28182-81-2)*; *N-butyl acetate (123-86-4)*; *heptan-2-one (110-43-0)*; *Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (64742-95-6)*
- CANADA-Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL): Non-applicable
- Hazardous Air Pollutants (Clean Air Act): Non-applicable
- Massachusetts RTK Substance List: Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (<0.1 % O=C=N-R-N=C=O) (28182-81-2); N-butyl acetate (123-86-4); heptan-2-one (110-43-0); Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (64742-95-6)
- Minnesota Hazardous substances ERTK: *N-butyl acetate* (123-86-4); heptan-2-one (110-43-0); Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (64742-95-6)
- New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act: *N-butyl acetate (123-86-4)*; *heptan-2-one (110-43-0)*; *Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (64742-95-6)*
- New York RTK Substance list: N-butyl acetate (123-86-4); heptan-2-one (110-43-0)
- NTP (National Toxicology Program): Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (64742-95-6)
- OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1096): Non-applicable
- Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law: *N-butyl acetate (123-86-4)*; *heptan-2-one (110-43-0)*; *Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (64742-95-6)*
- Rhode Island Hazardous substances RTK: N-butyl acetate (123-86-4)
- The Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA): Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers (<0.1 % O=C=N-R-N=C=O) (28182-81-2); N-butyl acetate (123-86-4); heptan-2-one (110-43-0); Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., < 0.1 % EC 200-753-7 (64742-95-6)
- Toxic chemical release reporting under EPCRA section 313 (40 CFR Part 372): Non-applicable Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) Reportable Quantities: N-butyl acetate (5000 pounds)

Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as data used in a risk evaluation of the local circumstances in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the manipulation, use, storage and disposal of this product.

Other legislation:

Take into consideration other applicable federal, state, and local laws and local regulations.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with Appendix d to §1910.1200 - Safety data sheets

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H332: Harmful if inhaled.

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

29 CFR 1910.1200:

Acute Tox. 4: H302+H332 - Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

Acute Tox. 4: H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Advice related to training:

Minimal training is recommended to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product, in order to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

Principal bibliographical sources:

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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA).

Abbreviations and acronyms:

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code IATA: International Air Transport Association ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand

BCF: Bioconcentration factor LD50: Lethal Dose 50 CL50: Lethal Concentration 50 EC50: Effective concentration 50

Log-POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

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Manufacturer Disclaimer: The information contained in this safety date sheet ("SDS") is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation. Furthermore, is based on data believed to be accurate; thus, the company does not assume any liability for its accuracy. The information provided herein cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of this product and the same is simply a description of the security requirements. The use, occupational methodology and/or conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control. It is ultimately the responsibility of the user(s) to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information of this SDS only refers to this product, which should not be used for purposes other than those specified. Finally, the manner in which this product is used and whether there is any infringement of patents is the sole responsibility of the user(s).

END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET

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